

**DEFINITIONS OF LONG TERM CREDIT RATINGS**

Credit ratings are issued by three main credit rating agencies, Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poor. All three agencies use broadly the same scale. Fitch defines its long term ratings as follows:

**AAA: Highest credit quality**

"AAA" ratings denote the lowest expectation of default risk. They are assigned only in cases of exceptionally strong capacity for payment of financial commitments. This capacity is highly unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events.

**AA: Very high credit quality**

"AA" ratings denote expectations of very low default risk. They indicate very strong capacity for payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.

**A: High Credit Quality**

"A" ratings denote expectations of low default risk. The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be more vulnerable to adverse business or economic conditions than in the case of the higher ratings.

**BBB: Good credit quality**

"BBB" ratings indicate that expectations of default risk are currently low. The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered adequate but adverse business or economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.